

Inverting the Pose Forecasting Pipeline with SPF²: Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting for Sequential Pose Forecasting

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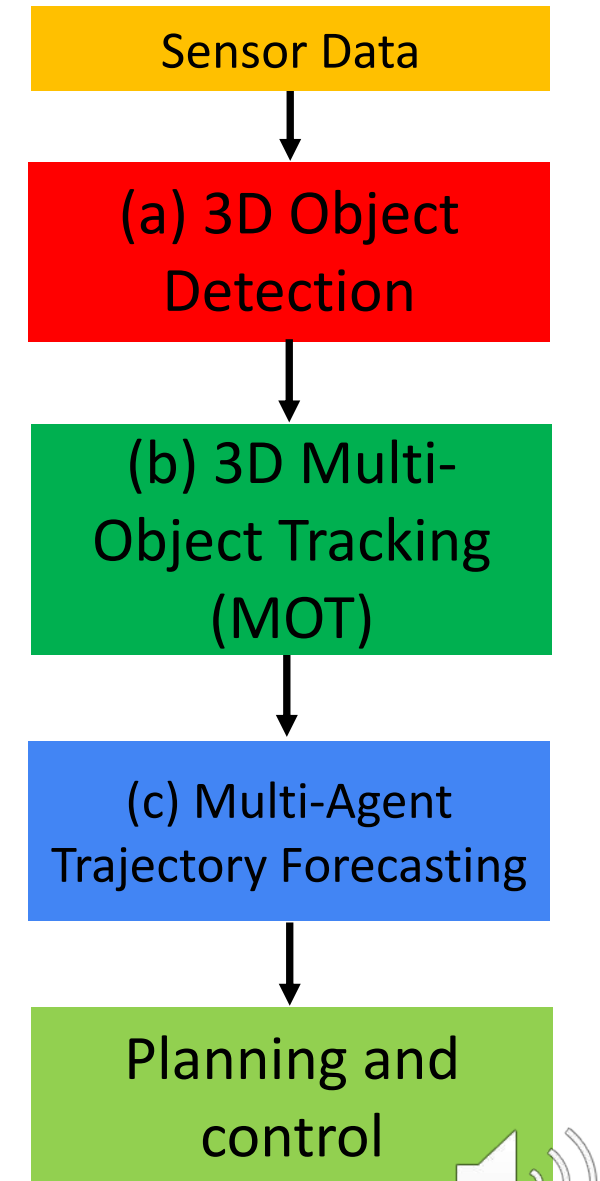
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Standard Pose (Trajectory) Forecasting Pipeline

- (a) Detection -> (b) MOT -> (C) Trajectory Forecasting
- Is this detect-then-forecast pipeline the only option?
- Any limitation?
 - Expensive to scale as pose forecasting algorithms typically require labeled sequences of object poses
 - Expensive to annotate in 3D space



Can we scale pose forecasting performance
without requiring additional labels?



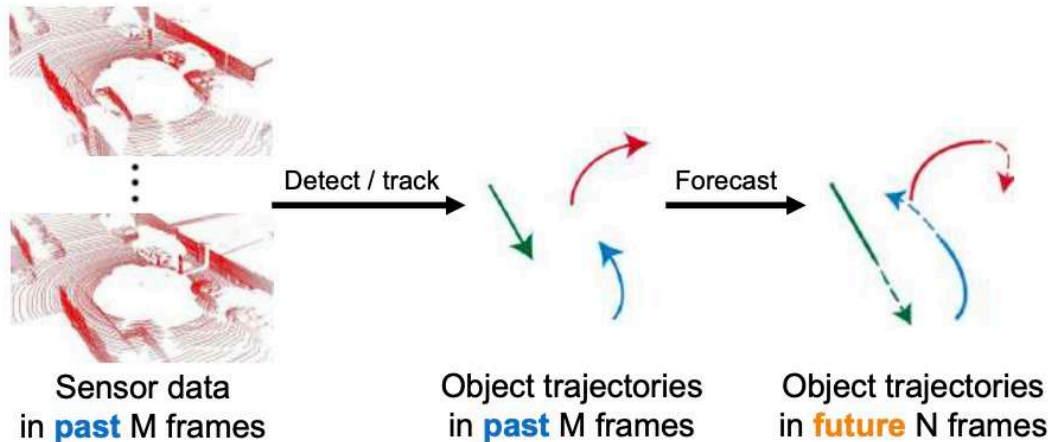
We hypothesize yes!

A forecast-then-detect pipeline
that inverts the order of forecasting and makes
it less expensive to scale pose forecasting

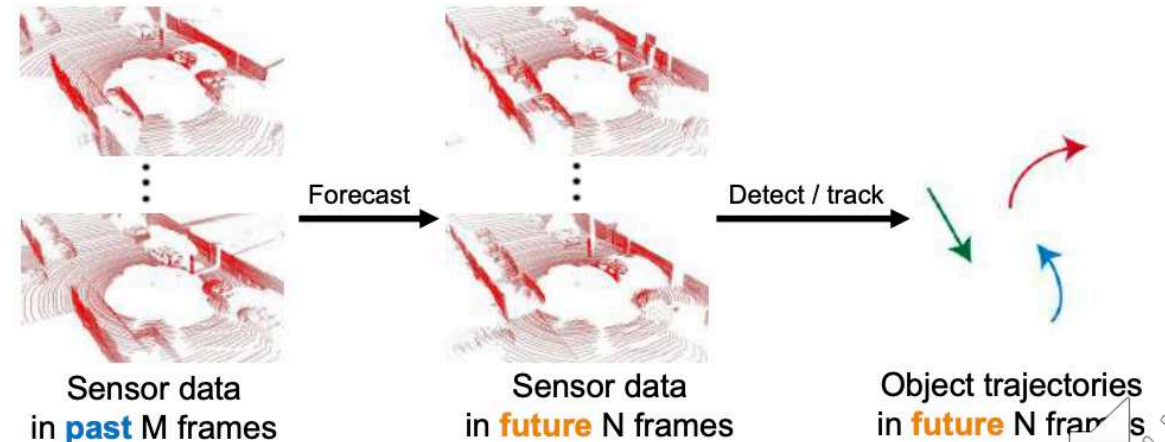


SPF²: Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting for Sequential Pose Forecasting

- Traditional pipeline:
 - Detection -> MOT -> Trajectory Forecasting
- Our new pipeline
 - Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting -> Detection -> MOT
- Differences
 - Invert the order of forecasting
 - Forecast at the sensor level, instead of at the object level



Conventional pipeline

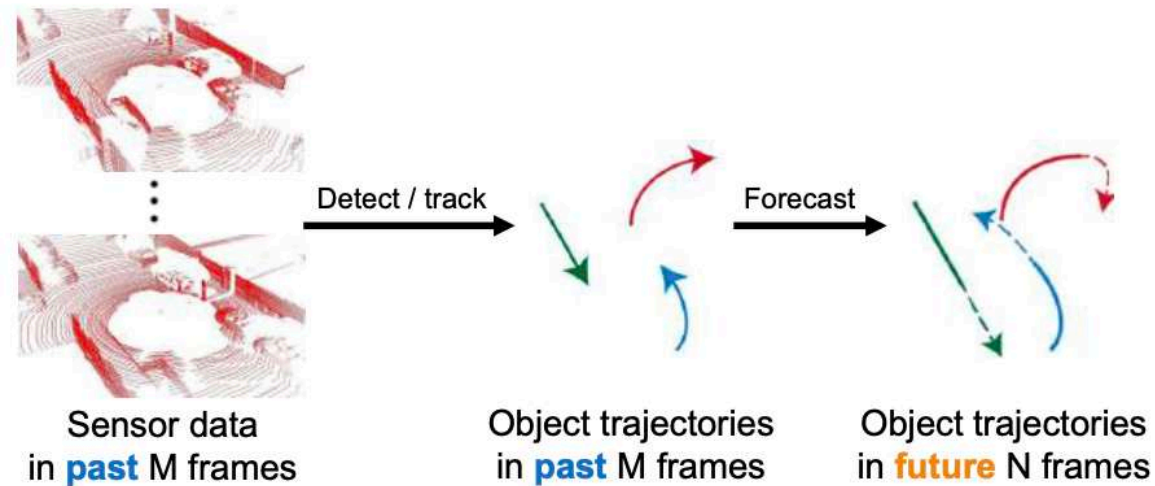


Proposed new pipeline

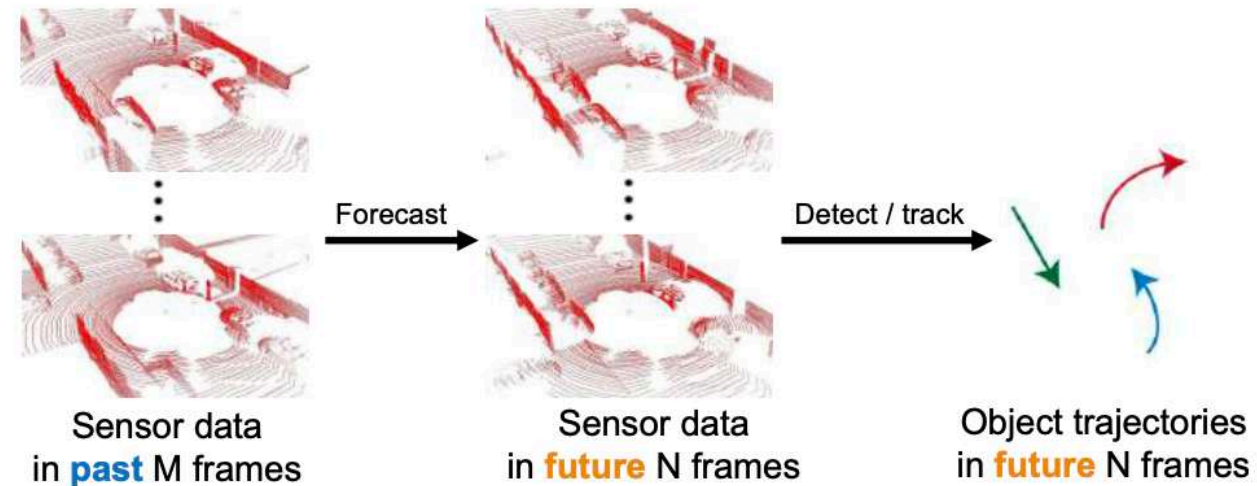


SPF²: Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting for Sequential Pose Forecasting

- Any advantage of our pipeline?
 - The forecasting module does not require human annotation
 - Forecasting performance can scale with addition of unlabeled point cloud data
- Inherited from the Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting (SPF)



Conventional pipeline



Proposed new pipeline



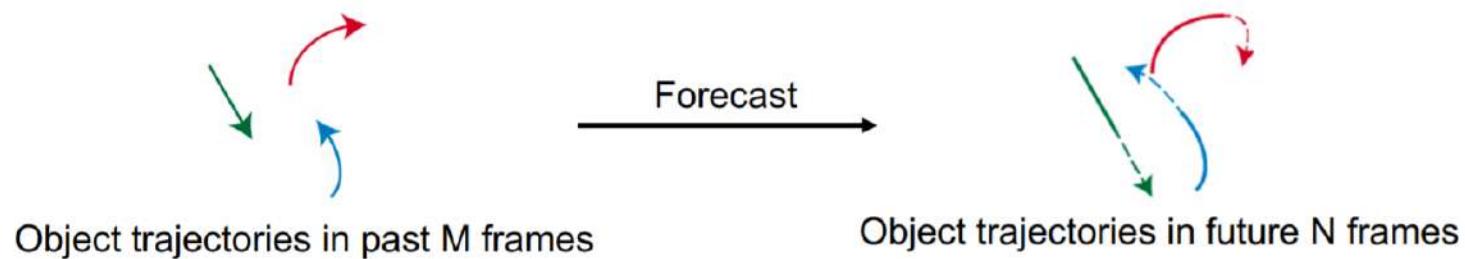
The challenging first step -- Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting (SPF)



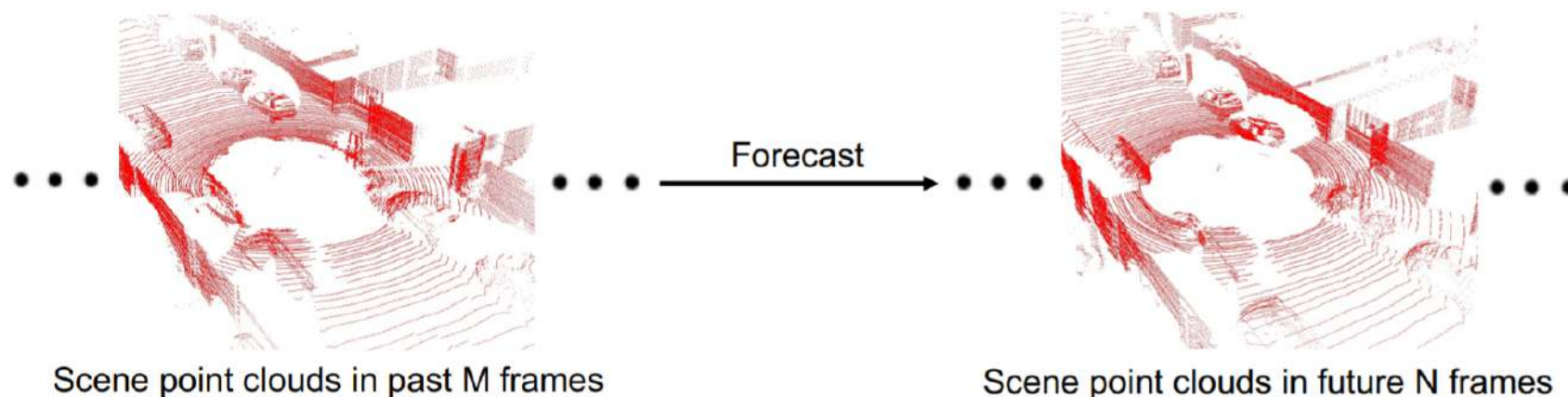
SPF: Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting

- Advantages:
 - Does not require expensive-to-collect labels for training / evaluation
 - Prediction represents the entire scene, including information about both scene background and foreground objects

Object Trajectory Forecasting (Prior Work)



Sequential Pointcloud Forecasting (Ours)



An effective approach for SPF deemed SPFNet

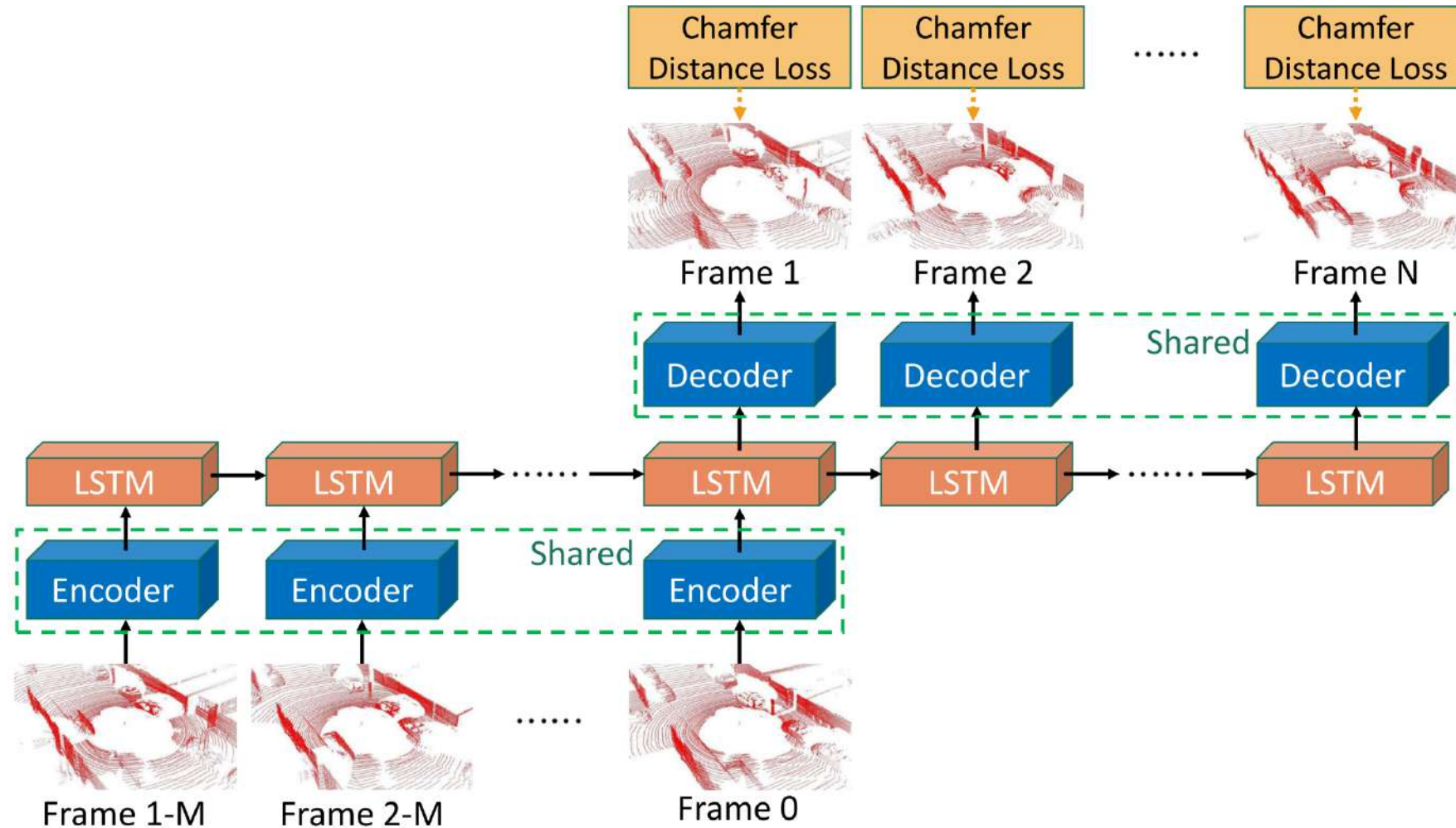


SPFNet

- Four modules

- (a) Shared point cloud encoder
- (c) Shared point cloud decoder

- (b) LSTM for temporal modeling
- (d) Losses



Quantitative Results



Evaluation of the SPFNet on KITTI and nuScenes

- Is our SPFNet effective to the proposed SPF task?
 - Outperform baselines that we have devised using existing techniques

Table 1: Quantitative evaluation for the proposed SPF task on the KITTI and nuScenes datasets.

Datasets	Metrics	Identity	GT-Ego	Est-Ego	Align-ICP	Align-[46]	SceneFlow	Ours+Point	Ours+RM
KITTI-1.0s	CD↓	12.82	5.47	9.18	6.13	6.02	3.15	2.37	0.92
	EMD↓	526.87	391.03	495.21	418.25	439.17	291.63	211.47	128.81
KITTI-3.0s	CD↓	13.31	7.91	11.31	9.14	9.57	5.08	3.91	1.57
	EMD↓	602.89	452.81	502.83	470.25	493.26	351.46	267.42	175.54
nuScenes-1.0s	CD↓	8.42	2.16	4.91	4.04	3.50	1.93	1.25	0.40
	EMD↓	461.63	168.37	299.13	281.53	270.81	117.41	135.94	78.37
nuScenes-3.0s	CD↓	10.16	2.85	6.52	7.13	5.27	3.81	2.97	0.69
	EMD↓	494.81	190.14	370.91	419.37	332.97	294.53	128.26	91.83



Evaluation of the SPF² Pipeline on KITTI and nuScenes

- Is our new pose forecasting pipeline competitive?

Table 3: Evaluation for the perception and trajectory forecasting pipeline on the KITTI and nuScenes datasets.

Datasets	Metrics	Samples	Conv-Social [16]	Social-GAN [5]	Social-BiGAT [6]	TraPHic [43]	Ours
KITTI-1.0s	AADE↓	1	0.792	0.524	1.099	0.470	0.317
		20	0.623	0.340	0.443	0.382	–
	AFDE↓	1	1.285	0.886	1.708	0.889	0.405
		20	1.152	0.511	0.546	0.613	–
KITTI-3.0s	AADE↓	1	1.692	1.362	2.720	1.432	0.408
		20	1.593	0.984	1.231	0.725	–
	AFDE↓	1	2.670	2.267	3.938	2.536	0.504
		20	2.385	1.512	1.405	1.118	–
nuScenes-1.0s	AADE↓	1	1.186	1.117	2.030	1.214	0.821
		20	0.907	0.762	0.826	0.881	–
	AFDE↓	1	1.490	1.310	2.337	1.563	0.825
		20	1.231	0.763	0.849	1.197	–
nuScenes-3.0s	AADE↓	1	1.794	2.224	4.954	2.417	1.044
		20	1.658	1.426	1.760	1.938	–
	AFDE↓	1	2.850	3.224	6.765	3.479	1.043
		20	2.538	1.652	1.845	2.766	–



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